

The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

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The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the southwest.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion. Reading Local—Fifteen cents per line each insertion. Displayed—Two dollars an inch, single column, per month in Daily. One dollar an inch, single column, in either English or Spanish Weekly. Additional prices and particulars given on receipt of copy of matter to be inserted.

TUESDAY, MAY 24.

It is said that 150 Ohio men have already applied for the postoffice at Manila. Holy smoke; no wonder the president is worried.

It is positively laughable to see attacks on the conduct of the war in such papers as the Las Vegas Optic. But that is about all that ought to be or can be said on the matter.

The Texas Democrats will nominate Congressman Sayers as a candidate for governor of the Lone Star state. That seems to indicate that they do not love Mr. Bryan, as they did in good old days of yore.

Subscriptions to the paper, "El Nuevo Mexicano," published by the New Mexican Printing Company, are coming in at a very gratifying rate. The Spanish-speaking people of the territory want the news from the American-Spanish war.

The Bryan candidate for governor of Texas has withdrawn from the race. He saw defeat in the air, found he could not be nominated and concluded that discretion was the better part of valor. Bryanism is not as strong as it was two years ago, not by a good deal.

How the conduct of this journal does worry some people. But it was ever thus. A paper that does its duty by the people and stands up boldly for what it considers right and its party principles, can not but have enemies. That is as natural as that water should flow down hill.

The volunteers, now assembling in San Francisco for departure to Manila, are being treated with characteristic hospitality and generosity by the people of the city of the Golden Gate. California is great in all directions and in patriotism and public spirit it is behind no section of this great Union.

The Balleys, the Stewards, the Joneses, the Allens and the like yellow statesmen in the congress of the United States who urged war and howled and yowled for war are now holding back in furnishing the government with the sinews of war. They want free silver and unlimited greenbacks or see the war a failure. There is genuine, pure, unadulterated patriotism for you.

Admiral Dewey's fleet is to be reinforced and 20,000 troops under General Merritt are to be dispatched to the Philippine islands. That is business and within a month the country will hear more glorious news from Dewey and Merritt and their men. It is to be hoped that Spain will send as many reinforcements as possible to Manila. The more the merrier and the greater will be the victory.

Why Manila is now being spelled with one "i" is being explained by a New York paper as follows as the Denver News remarks:

"In the old geographies Manila was spelled Manila. Whatever controversy might have arisen because of this difference has been removed, says a correspondent of a New York paper, by Dewey, who knocked 'i' out of it."

It must be admitted that the explanation answers all practical purposes.

The state of Massachusetts has furnished its full quota of volunteers, fully armed, clothed and equipped to the federal government and in addition, at its own expense, is keeping three regiments of infantry, two troops of cavalry and a regiment of heavy artillery in service as a garrison of the several forts in Boston harbor and on the sea coast of the state. Massachusetts has the only heavy artillery regiment in the National Guard of the United States and this regiment is now in garrison at Fort Warren and the other forts in Boston harbor at the state's expense. Quite a difference between Massachusetts and North Carolina, for instance, which has hard work to fill its quota and has not raised half of it yet.

Tammany is reorganizing the police department of Greater New York to suit Tammany, and the decent people are kicking and groaning and howling thereat. Serves them right. They have no kick coming. They helped Tammany to succeed last November by staying away from the polls and they are getting what they knew they would get. They should have sense enough to take their medicine without such a lot of noise. New York is getting to be the laughing stock of the country and it serves to be such.

The yellow journals, the peace-at-any-price people, the free silver shouters and the Spanish sympathizers in this country were just chuck full of apprehension for the U. S. battleship Oregon while on

her voyage from Rio de Janeiro to the West Indies. The captain and crew of the ship said nothing, but were confident of their ability to whip anything afloat that Spain could send against the ship, and pursued the even tenor of the ship with speed and skill and the result shows that they were right.

The National Tribune of Washington, D. C., has this to say to the men who volunteered for the 1st regiment, U. S. volunteer cavalry, known as Teddies "Rough Riders."

"There is one thing most commendable about Roosevelt and his rough riders. They are largely made up of young men of wealth, education and social position, who are acting like true Americans, and enlisting directly in the ranks, to take whatever comes to a private soldier. They are the most flattering contrast to those who are taking advantage of their wealth or parentage to get soft positions on the staff, where the only service that they need actually render is to wear their uniforms at receptions. The people's heart is with the Roosevelt crowd."

W. G. Hamilton, assistant general manager of the Pecos Irrigation & Improvement company, was this week appointed manager with full authority and charge of all company business. Since the retirement of Mr. Faulkner the office has been vacant and the naming of Mr. Hamilton to the position is both fitting and necessary. He has an intimate knowledge of the conditions of the entire valley, the interests of the company thereto, is in full sympathy with the farmers, and will give careful attention that all portions and all interests shall grow and prosper.—Eddy Argus.

The New Mexican heartily agrees with its contemporary at Eddy concerning the appointment of Mr. Hamilton as general manager of the Pecos Irrigation & Improvement company. Mr. Hamilton has been with the company as assistant general manager for about five years and has shown himself in that capacity to be very competent for the position. His general knowledge, ability, tact and experience are proof positive that he will make a success as general manager and will be found the right man in the right place.

Sue Not the Government.

The Denver News is of the opinion that suing the U. S. government is losing business and regarding the proposed suit for damages to be brought by the Rio Grande Land & Irrigation company against the United States, remarks:

"The big Rio Grande Dam company in New Mexico, whose construction was stopped by an injunction suit last year brought by the federal government, is said to be preparing a suit against the United States for damages caused by delay in the construction of the dam and attendant irrigation works."

"There is no question but that the suit brought against this company was an unjust one, and was instigated by rival interests. The News freely discussed the issues involved at the time, and the decision rendered by Judge Bantz in favor of the company and subsequently affirmed by the Supreme court of New Mexico, was approved in these columns. Undoubtedly the irrigation company suffered great loss, but as against the United States it has practically no redress. It cannot sue the United States for damages in any of the federal courts. It might bring a suit in the court of claims, but if a judgment was rendered in its favor it would then have to obtain a special appropriation from congress. The reluctance with which congress passes appropriations of this nature is well known. The great-grandchildren of a man with a claim against the government may realize some benefit out of it, but he never will. The Rio Grande Dam company is advised to waste no money on such a suit. Better apply it to the construction of its irrigation system, and realize some benefit out of it."

The Franco-Spanish Alliance.

The report sent out yesterday from London that an advance in the price of Spanish bonds had been caused by the knowledge of those on the inside of matters diplomatic, who had information that an alliance between France and Spain would soon be announced, apparently has but little value except to call attention to the situation in France regarding the attitude of that country toward the United States at this time.

The result of several recent exchanges between the officials of the State department and those of the French embassy at Washington is an understanding which clearly assures a continuance of the traditional friendliness existing between the two countries, in so far as the government of France is concerned. Whatever difficulty or unpleasantness may have arisen out of the seizure of the steamer Lafayette by the blockading fleet off the coast of Cuba has all been straightened out, the delay of cable messages from Martinique has been explained satisfactorily, and there is no danger at the present of any serious misunderstanding between the two governments.

On the other hand there is a feeling of animosity among the different classes of the French people toward the Americans which may later on cause some trouble of minor importance. Among the aristocracy the total failure of the incursion into Mexico for the purpose of establishing an empire on American soil, in the '60s, and the death of Maximilian, still rankles and there is a latent desire to get even with the United States for the part in the affair played by this government. It is in the ranks of the bourgeoisie, however, where the feeling against the Americans is to be found in its real strength. That antagonism is not the outcome of a friendliness for Spain so much as it is the result of investment in Panama canal stock and Spanish bonds. And it is those same matters which have caused so much adverse criticism of this country over the war in the press of Paris. The tradesmen, artisans and poorer classes invested over 100,000,000 francs in the Panama canal bubble and lost it all. The same people have invested in Spanish bonds about \$400,000,000, and it is the thought of a large loss of their savings through the defeat of Spain that

has brought about the sympathy for that country.

If a Republican form of government in France is stable and strong enough to withstand the pressure of a majority of the people there is no danger of trouble from the French nation at this time, despite reports of an alliance with Spain.

Creditable Progress After All.

To many people the progress of the war seems slow; the failure to bring about decisive battles on the sea, and the delay in occupying Cuba is almost exasperating and many adverse remarks on the subject are heard. The fact is that this feeling is the result of impatience to have done with an unfortunate state of affairs and not the result of slowness on the part of the government.

It is but 33 days since war was actually declared and a call made for 125,000 volunteers. In that short time over 100,000 men have been mustered into the service, arms and equipments contracted for and partially delivered, a

navy of strength and effectiveness has been evolved out of almost nothing, manned and placed in actual service. An amount of work that is certainly amazing when all the conditions are considered. Nor is that all which has been accomplished in a month's time. The nations of the world that have for the past quarter of a century sneered at the United States as a fourth-rate power and a nation of dollar chasers, have been taught to respect and defer to the stars and stripes. Any people which can in 33 days place an army of over 100,000 men in a shape to take the field in a few days after the oath of allegiance has been taken; that can secure transports and start an army for the antipodes ready for service the moment land is touched; that can rise in naval strength from a minor factor in the politics of the world to a position where it holds the balance of power in that short time is entitled to respect and deference, and is feared as a disturbing element in land grabbing schemes which have heretofore been carried out without molestation.

The American people have no reason to be ashamed of the accomplishments of the government officials in preparing for a war for which the nation was totally unprepared at the time the Maine was destroyed in Havana harbor. It is safe to assert that the United States will never again be caught in such a defenseless state, the lesson has been thoroughly learned, and that is an item on the war bill that must not be overlooked.

WEEKLY CROP REPORT.

A Not Very Favorable Week—Absence of Rain Felt—Fruit Very Promising. (Santa Fe, N. M., May 24, 1898.)

The week ending with May 23, on the whole, has not been so favorable for the growth of crops, the weather being cool, cloudy and windy, and without rain. The effects of preceding favorable conditions, however, are still apparent, and crops and ranges, as a rule, are in fair condition. The several light frosts of the week caused little general damage; some unprotected vineyards, and fruits in exposed places, being slightly injured.

The absence of rain is beginning to be felt, especially in eastern and southern sections. Although as yet there is sufficient water in the irrigation ditches there is some apprehension of a drought before the summer is through. Ranges particularly are beginning to feel the drought.

Corn, wheat and barley have made fair growth. First crop of alfalfa is being cut in the southern districts, and near the center of the territory is just coming into bloom. The effect of the cool nights is beginning to show on the corn. Wheat, barley and oats are heading nicely in southern localities. Gardens generally are in fine condition and well advanced for the season. Fruits continue very promising. The high, dry winds and cool nights have caused some setback, but on the whole the prospects are very good. It is expected that small fruits will be scarce in some southwestern localities, but a full crop of apples and peaches. Fruit is not expected to ripen as early as last year, but it is thought that the product will be of a much finer quality. Cattle are reported to be in prime condition, although in some localities the ranges are beginning to get short. The lambing season is over, and all reports are such that it was an extremely satisfactory season.

The following extracts from the reports of correspondents will be found of interest: Albuquerque—M. Custers—Not a very good week for growing crops; rather cold and but a light shower of sunshine. No rainfall. Bernalillo—Brother Gabriel—Dry weather during the week; quite warm during the day, and nights unusually cool. Frost night of 20th caused considerable damage in unprotected vineyards, especially in dry sandy soil. Vineyards where vines have proper and convenient shelter the vines are vigorous and laden with grapes, branches al ready vary from six to eight inches long. Fruit trees are fine, after having been sprayed several times, and look healthy. Apples are quite large; cherries beginning to ripen. On the whole, there is only about one-half the yield that there was last year, but the fruit is much larger and healthier. Gardens in general look very well, notwithstanding the cold nights and occasional west winds. Early cabbages, turnips and onions are very large. Sweet corn is well advanced quite rapidly. In some places alfalfa just beginning to bloom. Wheat is in a very fair condition. The river is low but sufficient water supply for our irrigation. Ranges progressing, and cattle generally in a very fair state. Coldest night 38 degrees. No rainfall. Clifton—T. J. Clark—Light frost for the past four nights, but did little damage. Peaches and apples will be a full crop, but other fruit will be light. Water in the Gila sufficient for all purposes. High water last fall took out all river dams, making farmers late on account of replacing dams. No rain, and ranges in need. Cattle in prime condition. Espanola—P. H. Leese—Generally favorable. Light frost night of 20th, but no damage to fruit. Fruit is quite promising. Water is abundant; there is a good deal of snow on the ranges yet. Frisco—C. Hightower—Variable weather, cold, and with considerable wind. Crops making good progress; stock in good condition. Not much

Doctors now agree that consumption is curable.

Three things, if taken together, will cure nearly every case in the first stages; the majority of cases more advanced; and a few of those far advanced.

The first is, fresh air; the second, proper food; the third, Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with hypophosphites.

To be cured, you must not lose in weight, and, if thin, you must gain. Nothing equals Scott's Emulsion to keep you in good flesh.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

snow in the mountains but an abundance of water in the streams. Gallinas Springs—James E. Whitmore—Crops and grapes suffering from the dry winds. Rain needed badly. Las Cruces—C. E. Mead—Pleasant and agreeable weather but cold nights retarded the growth of vegetation somewhat. Farmers are still cutting the first crop of alfalfa. Wheat, barley, and oats are heading out nicely. Water is very low in irrigation ditches, and people look for a shortage during the summer. No rain.

Ojo Caliente—A. Joseph—A remarkably cool week for this time of the year, and fears are entertained that fruit has suffered from the cold. Grass on the ranges needs rain badly, but there is an abundance in streams for irrigating purposes. Corn, wheat and alfalfa are looking well. No rain.

Olio—Cyril James Collier—Good growing weather continued, but the nights have been cooler. All growing crops are growing well. Hay is claimed to be two weeks early. Fruits continue promising. Water, plentiful; rainfall, trace. San Marcel—J. W. McCoats—Crops generally look first rate, excepting that corn is inclined to look a little yellow owing to the cold nights. Stock doing nicely on the range. No rainfall.

Watrous—M. C. Needham—High winds, cool nights and the absence of rain have been unfavorable conditions for stock and crops.

Notaries' Records.

The New Mexican Printing Company has on sale blank records for the use of notaries public, with the chapter of the Compiled laws governing notaries, printed in the front. Will be delivered at any postoffice or express office on receipt of \$1.25.

Monogram Note Paper.

Monogram note paper is the correct thing for private correspondence. The New Mexican Printing Company can furnish the latest styles of this paper and at very low prices. Call and see samples.

Annual Meeting American Medical Association, Denver, Colo., June 7-12, 1898.

For the above occasion the Santa Fe Route will place on sale tickets to Denver and return at a rate of \$19.50 for the round trip. Dates of sale June 1 and 2, 1898; final limit for return passage, June 12, 1898. Side tickets to all points in Colorado, Salt Lake and Ogden at greatly reduced rates will be sold after this meeting. For particulars call on agents of the Santa Fe Route. H. S. Lutz, Agent. W. J. Black, G. P. A. Topeka, Kas.

Biennial Meeting General Federation of Women's Clubs, Denver, Colo., June 21-28, 1898.

For the above occasion the Santa Fe Route will place on sale tickets to Denver and return at a rate of \$19.50 for the round trip. Dates of sale June 1 and 2, 1898; final limit for return passage, June 12, 1898. Side tickets to all points in Colorado, Salt Lake and Ogden at greatly reduced rates will be sold after this meeting. For particulars call on agents of the Santa Fe Route. H. S. Lutz, Agent. W. J. Black, G. P. A. Topeka, Kas.

Poll Tax Notice.

The city schools poll taxes are now due. The amount is \$1 for each citizen. The undersigned has appointed Robt. Johnson as his deputy for the collection of said tax and hereby advises all citizens that the said collector will call upon them for the payment thereof on and after June 1, 1898. All citizens are urged to pay promptly to avoid the payment of this tax promptly as same is to be used for the maintenance of the city schools during the coming year.

JOHN W. CONWAY, Clerk of Board of Education.

Attention, Owners of Dogs. Notice is hereby given that dog licenses must be taken out and paid for by the 1st of June next, as provided for by city ordinance.

All dogs found without the regular license tag, on and after June 1 next, will be impounded as the city ordinance directs. The office of the city clerk from and after this date, will be in the brick building on Palace avenue, known as Adams hall.

MARCELINO A. ORTIZ, City Clerk.

Santa Fe, May 20, 1898.

SILVER CITY REDUCTION COMPANY, Silver City, Grant County, N. M.

This plant has been purchased and will be operated in the future by the estate of the late Senator George Hearst, of California, under the general management of D. B. Gillette, Jr.

It is the intention of the present management to largely increase the capacity of the plant and equip it with every modern appliance for the successful and cheap treatment of ores and concentrates. Consignments and correspondence solicited. Advances will be made on ores.

HENRY KRICK, Sole Agent for Lemp's St. Louis Beer. ALL KINDS OF MINERAL WATER. The trade supplied from one bottle to a carload promptly filled. QUADALUPE ST. - SANTA FE.

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, W. M. J. H. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convention second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, W. M. ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX FIDLER, R. C.

ADDITION WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F. PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F. meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows hall. H. W. STAVENS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F. Regular convocation second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall; visiting patriarchs welcome. THOS. A. GOODWIN, C. P. A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE No. 8, I. O. O. F. Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. TUESDAY, N. M. Noble Grand. HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZULAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows hall. San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. NATE GOLDBERG, N. G. A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

K. O. F. P. SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. F. P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. ROBERT H. BOWLER, Chancellor-Commander. LEE MUEHLSTEIN, K. of R. and S.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DENTISTS. D. W. MANLEY, Dentist. Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. MAX. FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

CHAS. A. SPIESS, District Attorney for the First Judicial District. Practices in all the courts of the Territory. Office—Griffin Block, Santa Fe, N. M.

GEO. W. KRAEBEL, Office in Griffin Block. Collections and searching titles a specialty.

EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Catron Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General). Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty.

E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box "F," Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in supreme and all district courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

A. B. REENHAN, Attorney at Law, Practices in all Territorial Courts, Commissioner Court of Claims. Collections and title searching. Rooms and 9 Spiegelberg Block.

INSURANCE. S. E. LANKARD, Insurance Agent. Office: Griffin Building, Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the territory of New Mexico, in both life, fire and accident insurance.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent. W. J. Black, G. P. A. Topeka, Kas.

The New Mexico Railway & Coal Co.

CONSTRUCTING

The El Paso & Northeastern R'y

AND

The El Paso & Northeastern R. R.

To accommodate the public will carry freight and passengers on its construction trains to and from the end of its track. Commencing May 16, trains will leave El Paso 7:30 a. m. and returning will leave end of track at 2:30 p. m., making close connection with stages to and from Alamogordo, La Luz and Tularosa daily.

Passengers can now make the through trip to or from La Luz the same day. A. S. GATTO, General Superintendent.

THE SEVENTH Beet Sugar factory in the United States was erected at Eddy, New Mexico, in 1896, and made its first "campaign" beginning November 15th, 1896, and closing February 15th, 1897.

THE CONTENT OF "SUGAR in the beet" of the crop grown in the Eddy and Roswell sections of the valley has proven to be more uniformly high than any other part of the United States.

FORTUNATELY the land is blessed with just the fertility to produce high grade beets, and

MORE FORTUNATELY the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. and the Roswell Land and Water Co. have an irrigation system of great magnitude, covering a vast body of the BEST SUGAR BEET lands on earth. The water is applied to the crop WHEN NEEDED.

THE SUN SHINES more hours in the day and more days in the year in Eddy and Chaves counties, New Mexico, than in any other section of the west.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO.

EDDY, NEW MEXICO.

J. J. HAGEMAN, President.

E. O. FAULKNER, Vice-President.

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European Plan, \$1.00 per day and Upward. First Class Restaurant and Cafe. American Plan, \$3.00 per day and Upward. Transient and Permanent Guests. L. M. FITCH, Proprietor.

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First-Class in all Particulars.

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WM. VAUGHN, Prop.

FRANK HUDSON, Clerk.

No expense will be spared to make this famous hostelry up to date in all respects. Patronage solicited

National Educational Association Meeting, Washington, D. C., July 7-12, 1898.

For the above occasion the Santa Fe Route will place on sale tickets to Washington, D. C., and return at a rate of \$25.50 for the round trip. Tickets will be sold July 2, 3 and 4, good for return passage until July 5. Extension of limit will be granted by depositing tickets with and paying 50 cents to the joint agent at Washington on or before July 15, enabling holder to leave Washington as late as August 31, 1898. For further particulars call on agents of the Santa Fe Route.

H. S. LUTZ, Agent. W. J. Black, G. P. A. Topeka, Kas.

OFFICE FITTINGS. Filing cabinets of every description, document boxes and files, pigeon hole cases, legal blank cases, office ticklers and every conceivable kind of office fittings and furniture can be had of the New Mexican Printing Company. Write for descriptive, illustrated pamphlets.

Code of Civil Procedure. Every practicing attorney in the territory should have a copy of the New Mexico Code of Civil Procedure, bound in separate form with alternate blank pages for annotations. The New Mexican Printing Company has such an edition on sale at the following prices: Leatherette binding, \$1.25; full law sheep, \$2; flexible morocco, \$2.50.

RECEIVER AND GENERAL MANAGER EDDY, N. M.

THIS REMARKABLE RESULT was accomplished by raw farmers, unacquainted with the culture of beet root, on new land and under very trying circumstances, as the factory was not assured until May, and a majority of the acreage was planted between JUNE 1st and AUGUST 10th.

GOOD SOIL makes the seed germinate. WATER makes the plant grow. SUNLIGHT puts the sugar in the BEET.

THE ONLY THING left to be desired that the Pecos Valley has not on hand in abundance is PEOPLE. We need thrifty farmers; 500 heads of families each on a 40-acre farm.

NO FAIRER terms or conditions of sale of beet and fruit lands were ever made.

WRITE for particulars.

THE SUGAR BOWL OF THE GREAT Southwest is the Rich Valley of the Rio Pecos.

IN THE COUNTIES OF EDDY AND CHAVES OF NEW MEXICO.

OR ROSWELL LAND AND WATER CO. ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.